

THE MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM (SE-11)

DIRECTIONS: Using the fifteen words provided, fill in the blanks to make this explanation of the male reproductive system correct. Each will be used only once.

Cowper's gland
 epididymis
 erection
 nocturnal emissions
 orgasm
 penis
 prostate
 scrotum

semen
 seminal vesicle
 sperm
 testes
 urine
 urethra
 vas deferens

First, _____ are produced in the small seminiferous tubules of the _____. These oval-shaped glands are protected by a sac called the _____. After the sperm cells are produced, they are stored in a large coiled tube on the outer surface of each testicle called the _____. From this tube the sperm go into a larger tube called the _____, which eventually carries them to the external male reproductive organ, the _____. Along the way sperm is nourished by a sugary fluid from the _____, a chemical fluid from the _____ which is the most common site of cancer in men, and fluid from the _____ which are two small glands located near the bladder. These fluids plus the sperm cells combine to form _____, the fluid ejaculated from the penis during _____. Before a male can ejaculate, the spongy tissue surrounding the penis becomes engorged with blood causing the penis to become stiff and hard. This is known as an _____. The tube that carries the semen from the body is the _____. This tube also carries _____ from the bladder. Males can also have uncontrolled ejaculation during sleep, which are called _____.

Name _____ Date _____

THE FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM (SE-9)

DIRECTIONS: Using the sixteen words provided, fill in the blanks to make this explanation of the female reproductive system correct. Each word will be used only once.

cervix	ovaries
clitoris	ovulation
egg cells	ovum
estrogen	progesterone
Fallopian tubes	puberty
hymen	sperm cell
labia	uterus
menstruation	vagina

First, _____ are produced in two almond-shaped organs known as the _____. During the process of _____, a mature egg (_____) is released and enters one of two _____ . For a few days the egg cell travels towards the pear-shaped _____. The lining of this organ thickens in preparation for a fertilized egg. If the egg is not fertilized by the male _____, it will leave the body together with the lining of the uterus and a small amount of blood. This is called _____.

The lower portion of the uterus is called the _____ and is a common site of cancer in women. The female organ of intercourse is the _____. A circular fold of skin is usually present at the entrance to this organ and is called the _____. Outside of this organ are folds of skin covered with pubic hair known as the _____. Between these skin folds is a small, round, sensitive area of skin called the _____.

The development of the reproductive system is triggered by the hormones _____ and _____, which cause many physical changes in a girl. This period of change is called _____.